

The L^AT_EX PDF management testphase bundle

The L^AT_EX Project*

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Abstract

This is a temporary bundle created to allow the external loading of the new L^AT_EX PDF management code during a test phase. It will disappear when the code is integrated into the L^AT_EX format.

When using L^AT_EX-2022-06-01 or newer, the PDF management code is loaded if you use `\DocumentMetadata` before `\documentclass`.

```
\DocumentMetadata      % load activate the PDF management (with options)
{
  % options
}
```

```
\documentclass {...}
```

In older L^AT_EX is has to be loaded explicitly:

```
\RequirePackage{pdfmanagement-testphase}
\DocumentMetadata      % load activate the PDF management (with options)
{
  % options
}
```

```
\documentclass {...}
```

Note that the activation has to happen before the `\documentclass` declaration. Because of this, the package needs loading with `\RequirePackage`.

Feedback wanted!

Bug reports and feedback are welcome. Please open an issue at <https://github.com/latex3/pdftools>.

While the code targets PDF as output format, feedback about the effect on other formats is needed too.

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1 Introduction

The \LaTeX format currently contains nearly no code specific to the now quite central output format, PDF. It also offers nearly no interfaces to important PDF related primitive commands for package writers.

Important tasks like supporting PDF standards, creating links, adding special colors, managing the content of central PDF-directories or even simple tasks like setting the PDF version are delegated to external packages which have to recourse to the primitive low-level commands in their code.

This is problematic for three reasons:

- At first using primitives directly can lead to clashes and duplicate settings with conflicting values—nothing prevent packages to add for example the `/Title` twice to the Info dictionary, the `/Lang` entry twice to the Catalog, or to add two `/ExtGState` resources to a page. The PDF normally doesn't break in such cases—the format is quite robust—but it will ignore one of the duplicates and the output can be wrong.
- At second the primitives differ between the various engines and backends with which \LaTeX is used. To support the engines and backend packages have to write and maintain “driver” files which they did to a varying degree. This makes it difficult for users to assess if a package will work with their work-flow and is a strain for package writers as they have to keep track of engine and backend changes.
- And at last generic hooks and configuration points to various PDF related structures are missing and difficult to add.

Despite the potential problems, until now the number of conflicts were small and could be resolved in an ad-hoc fashion. But the future plans for \LaTeX regarding support for tagged PDF and PDF standards mean that much more PDF specific code will have to be written by the kernel directly and this can not be done without proper, well-defined and well-behaving interfaces and hooks.

Some first steps for better support of PDF related commands have been done with the `l3pdf` package which has now been integrated as a module into `l3kernel`. It offers backend independent commands to create PDF objects and destination, to set the compress level and the PDF version.

The PDF management bundle extends this to more PDF related areas and provides interfaces to them in a backend independent way.

The new PDF management has three main objectives connected with the problems identified above:

- For commands with “clash potential” it implements commands to replace the primitives and so to resolve potential conflicts.
- It implements commands for a variety of PDF related tasks and supports a well-defined set of backends.
- If sensible this commands are enhanced by hooks from the new \LaTeX hook system. This has been e.g. done for annotations in the `l3pdfannot` bundle.

2 “Change Strategy”: The integration into L^AT_EX

The central module of this bundle, `l3pdfmanagement`, defines an interface for the (pdfT_EX) primitives `\pdfcatalog`, `\pdfinfo`, `\pdfpagesattr`, `\pdfpagesattr` and `\pdfpagemresources` and the analog commands from the other engines and backends.

All these commands have a “clash potential”, this means that the new interface is incompatible with a parallel use of the primitive commands which it targets to replace and supersede. This doesn’t affect many packages, but the list of package using such primitives contains central and important packages like `hyperref`, `tikz`, `pdfx` and more.

So while the goal is to integrate the code into the L^AT_EX format directly, this can not be done immediately without conflicts with existing documents and packages.

As an intermediary step the package `pdfmanagement-testphase` has been created which loads the code manually. With it package authors and users can test the new code, give feedback and packages can be adapted.

Loading the package will only *load* the modules, to *activate* the core PDF management the trigger command `\DocumentMetadata` has to be used too. The loading and activation has to be done *before* the `\documentclass` command.

We hope that this setup will allow packages writers and users to test the PDF management code and adapt packages and documents safely.

3 Backend support

The supported backends are `pdflatex`, `lualatex`, `(x)dvipdfmx` (`latex`, `xelatex`, `dvilualatex` (in `texlive 2021`)) and `dvips` with `ps2pdf` (not completely yet). `dvips` with `distiller` could work too but is untested.

That the interfaces and commands are backend independent doesn’t mean that the results and even the compilation behavior is identical. The backends are too different to allow this. Some backends expand arguments e.g. in a `\special` while other don’t. Some backends can insert a resource at the first compilation, while another uses the aux-file and a label and so needs at least two compilation runs. Some backends manage some of the resources through side-effects, some manage them automatically. All this mean that package writers will still have to keep an eye on backend requirements and run tests for all variants. Also backend specific code will still be needed in some cases.

4 Use

The package should be loaded before `\documentclass`. To activate the resource management it should be followed by `\DocumentMetadata{<key-val>}`. The options of `\DocumentMetadata` are described in the documentation of `ltdocinit`.

```
\RequirePackage{pdfmanagement-testphase} % load the package
                                         % not needed with LaTeX 2022-06-01
\DocumentMetadata % activates the PDF management interface
{
  %options
}
\documentclass {...}
```

The PDF management can be deactivated either setting in the `debug` key the key `pdfmanagement` to `false` or by commenting out the whole `\DocumentMetadata` declaration.

To test if the PDF management is active the predicate `\pdfmanagement_if_active:TF` can be used, see the documentation of `l3pdfmanagement`.

5 Requirements

The new PDF management is developed parallel to the L^AT_EX format and should be updated together with the format. In some places, e.g. when writing strings to the pdf it assumes that the file is utf8 encoded – ascii will naturally work too, but legacy 8bit encodings are not supported.

6 Modules

The bundle contains a number of modules. The majority of the modules don't have a stand alone `sty`, their code is combined in one file and loaded by the main package. The organization and naming is bound to change over time: For almost all modules the goal is to integrate them into the format and the individual files to disappear.

The description items give the name of the documentation of the modules. There doesn't exist in all cases a related `.sty`.

l3pdfdict This module provides commands for PDF dictionaries. Its main purpose is to create name spaces. The code used e.g. by `l3pdfmanagement` and `l3pdfannot`.

l3pdfannot This module provides commands for annotations. Currently mainly link annotations, widget annotations will be added later. It doesn't require the PDF management to be active.

l3pdfmanagement This is the core code of the PDF management.

ltdocinit This module provides the `\DocumentMetadata` command.

hyperref-generic This module provides a new generic hyperref driver. The driver will be loaded automatically by hyperref if the PDF management code is active.

l3backend-testphase This module contains backend code needed by the PDF management. It will in due time be integrated into `l3backend`.

l3pdfmeta This module contains code to handle PDF standards. Currently it handles pdf/A and colorprofiles/outputintents.

l3pdfxform Commands for form XObjects (xforms).

l3pdftool A number of commands like text conversion commands and `bcd/emc`. The commands will at some time be moved into the `l3pdf` module of `l3kernel`.

l3pdffile This module provides commands for to embed files.

pdfmanagement-firstaid This module provides a number of patches for external incompatible packages. This patches will disappear as soon as the packages are natively compatible. It is loaded automatically.

l3pdffield Commands for form fields. Currently it only provides commands for checkboxes. It must be loaded explicitly as with `\usepackage{l3pdffield-testphase}`.

7 Incompatibilities

As described in section 2, if activated the new PDF management takes over the management of core PDF dictionaries. All packages that bypass the PDF management and access these dictionaries with primitives like `\pdfcatalog`, `\pdfinfo`, `\pdfpageresources`, `\pdfpagesattr` and `\pdfpageattr` or similar commands from other engines and back-ends are basically incompatible: values can get lost or will be wrong.

The following describes known incompatible packages along with some suggestions how this should or will be handled in future. The list is not exhaustive.

7.1 hyperref

A generic driver that can be used as replacement has been developed and is provided by this bundle. It will be loaded automatically if the pdf management is active.

The generic driver differs in some points from other `hyperref` drivers:

- The code for bookmarks has been removed from this driver, instead the `bookmarks` is loaded and used.
- The driver isn't yet fully integrated into `hyperref`. This means that it doesn't react to a number of package options. Instead `\hypersetup` should be used.
- Incomplete is the support for form fields. Quite probably form fields will be extracted in a dedicated package.
- The driver uses for the color handling the `l3color` package. While normally it should be able to use colors defined with `color` and `xcolor`, there could be edge cases where it fails.
- The colors have been changed (this counts probably as an improvement ...).

More details can be found in the documentation `hyperref-generic.pdf`.

7.2 pdfx

`pdfx` is not compatible. It uses the commands `\pdfpagesattr`, `\pdfpageattr`, `\pdfinfo` and `\pdfcatalog`. The needed changes are not many, but can not be done by external patches.

It is also one goal of the `pdfmanagement` project to offer support for standards natively. The code is under development, see the documentation of `l3pdfmeta`.

7.3 hyperxmp

`hyperxmp` uses `\pdfcatalog` to insert the `/MetaData` reference and also relies on some `hyperref` internals which are not present in the new generic driver used by `hyperref` when the `pdfmanagement` is active. This makes `hyperxmp` incompatible.

For some time some patch code was provided by the bundle to keep `hyperxmp` working but starting with version 0.95s XMP-metadata are handled directly by the `pdfmanagement-testphase` bundle (see the documentation of `l3pdfmeta`) and the patch code has been removed and the loading of `hyperxmp` has been disabled.

7.4 tikz/pgf

pgf writes to the page resources too and so is incompatible. The needed changes are rather small and will be done in coordination with the maintainer. Until this works, pdfmanagement-testphase will load the patches automatically. This can be disabled by using `debug={firstaidoff=pgf}` in `\DocumentMetadata`

7.5 transparent

The package `transparent` is incompatible. A replacement has been written (`transparent-ltx`) and is loaded automatically. It requires a very recent L3 programming layer! This can be disabled by using `debug={firstaidoff=transparent}` in `\DocumentMetadata`

7.6 pdfscape

The package `pdfscape` is incompatible. A replacement has been written (`pdfscape-ltx`) and is loaded automatically. This can be disabled by using `debug={firstaidoff=pdfscape}` in `\DocumentMetadata`

7.7 colorspace

The package is incompatible. Some patches have been added to `pdfmanagement-firstaid`. Alternative code for spot colors is in the `l3color` package which has now been added to `l3kernel`.

7.8 embedfile, attachfile, attachfile2

Tools needed to be able to write a replacement to replace these packages have been developed in the `l3pdffile` package. Full replacements for the packages don't exist yet.

7.9 tagpdf

The development code is compatible and will be uploaded in time.

7.10 ocgx2, animate, media9

These package all make use of low-level PDF command and will have to be reviewed.

7.11 acrotex

The `acrotex` makes heavy use of PDF commands and so must be reviewed and adapted, including the currently untested route `dvips + distiller`.

7.12 fancytooltips

This package uses `\pdfpageattr` and `acrotex` and so must be reviewed.

8 Implementation

```
1 <@=pdf>
2 <*package>
3 \ProvidesExplPackage{pdfmanagement-testphase}{2024-05-23}{0.96i}
4   {LaTeX PDF management testphase bundle}
5 \providecommand\IfFormatAtLeastTF{\@ifl@t@r\fmtversion}
6 \IfFormatAtLeastTF{2020-10-01}{-}{-}{
7   \PackageWarning{pdfmanagement-testphase}
8     {This~package~needs~LaTeX~2020-10-01~or~newer.
9     \MessageBreak Loading~is~aborted.}{-}
10  \DeclareOption { debug }{-}
11  \newcommand\DeclareDocumentMetadata[1]{-}
12  \newcommand\DocumentMetadata[1]{-}
13  \ProcessOptions\relax
14 }
15 \IfFormatAtLeastTF{2020-10-01}{-}{-}{\endinput}
16
17 \DeclareOption { debug }
18   {
19     \msg_redirect_module:nnn { pdf } { none } { warning }
20   }
21
22 \ProcessOptions\relax
23 </package>
```

8.1 Loading the core files.

This loads the core files. The backend should not be loaded to allow to set it in the document.

```
24 <*header>
25 \ProvidesExplFile{pdfmanagement-testphase.ltx}{2024-05-23}{0.96i}
26   {PDF~management~code~(testphase)}
```

We define a boolean for the new delayed shipout. This is temporary. At some time we can request the new engines!

```
27 \bool_new:N\l__pdfmanagement_delayed_shipout_bool
28 \msg_new:nnn {pdfmanagement}{delayed-shipout}
29   {
30     The~engine~is~too~old!\
31     \tl_to_str:n{\pdf_bdc_shipout:ee}~can~not~be~used.
32   }
33 \sys_if_engine luatex:T
34   {
35     \int_compare:nNnT {\tex luatexversion:D} > {116}
36     {
37       \bool_set_true:N\l__pdfmanagement_delayed_shipout_bool
38     }
39   }
40 \sys_if_engine pdftex:T
41   {
42     \fp_compare:nNnT{\int_use:N\tex_pdftexversion:D.\tex_pdftexrevision:D}>{140.24}
43     {
44       \bool_set_true:N\l__pdfmanagement_delayed_shipout_bool
45     }
46   }
```

```

46 }
47 \sys_if_engine_ptex:T
48 {
49   \int_compare:nNnT{\tex_epTeXversion:D} > {230213}
50   {
51     \bool_set_true:N\l__pdfmanagement_delayed_shipout_bool
52   }
53 }
54 \sys_if_engine_uptex:T
55 {
56   \int_compare:nNnT{\tex_epTeXversion:D} > {230213}
57   {
58     \bool_set_true:N\l__pdfmanagement_delayed_shipout_bool
59   }
60 }
61 \sys_if_engine_xetex:T
62 {
63   \fp_compare:nNnT{\int_use:N\tex_XeTeXversion:D\tex_XeTeXrevision:D} > {0.999994}
64   {
65     \bool_set_true:N\l__pdfmanagement_delayed_shipout_bool
66   }
67 }
68 </header>
69 <*package>
70 %\RequirePackage{l3pdfdict}          % needed by l3pdfmanagement
71 %\RequirePackage{l3pdfmanagement} % loads the core code with the boolean
72 %\RequirePackage{ltdocinit}        % DocumentMetadata,
73 %can perhaps be combined or made optional ...
74 %\RequirePackage{l3pdfannot}
75 %\RequirePackage{l3pdfxform-beta}
76 %\RequirePackage{l3pdfmeta}        %
77 %\RequirePackage{l3pdftools}
78 %\RequirePackage{l3pdffile}
79 \RequirePackage{tagpdf-base}
80 \input{pdfmanagement-testphase.ltx}
81 </package>

```


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